BEE

legs. Able to run fast. Usually dark bodies. (BLATTODEA) Bodies usually look like flattened oval. Unusually long antennae. Spiny

STINK BUG

hind legs. Stout and hairy body. Stinger (not always obvious). Pollen baskets on

(HYMENOPTERA)

FLY

legs. Lives in a colony. Absence of wings. Narrow waist between the thorax and abdomen. Thin

(HYMENOPTERA)

DRAGONFLY

(LEPIDOPTERA) end. A common pollinator. Large, patterned, scaly wings. A long body and antennae with clubs at

WASP

(ATANOGO) eyes. Large predatory insect. Four, long, thin membranous wings and a long thin abdomen. Very large

BEETLE

men. Chewing mouthparts. (ISOPTERA) Creamy colored body. No distinct narrowing between thorax and abdo-

GRASSHOPPER

on back. They are stout. Abdomen is covered by hard forewings (elytra) joining in straight line

(COLEOPTERA)

MOSQUITO

Triangular head, large eyes, long 'neck,' spined forelegs with claws to catch prey, usually camouflaged.

WORKER ANT

Shield shaped back with triangular plate in center is typical. They have piercing-sucking mouthparts. Produces stinky liquid. (HEMIPTERA)

COCKROACH

One pair of wings, long thin legs. They have piercing-sucking mouth-parts. The young are found in still freshwater. (DIPTERA)

BUTTERFLY

One pair of wings. Short stubby antennae and large eyes. Adults have piercing-sucking or sponging mouthparts. (DIPTERA)

MUTE

MOTH

Wings similar to bees. Long antennae. Thin waist and streamlined abdomen. Stinger. (HYMENOPTERA)

TERMITE

Wings similar to butterfly, usually dull colored, generally, stouter body and feathery antennae. Nocturnal. (LepidopterA)

PRAYING MANTIS

They have a long body and strong, enlarged back legs for jumping. They have chewing mouthparts.